The '7 Rs' for Lasting Change – by Russ Harris

It's a lot easier to start some new type of life-enhancing behaviour than it is to keep it going. How can we sustain new patterns of behaviour, until we've done them for so long they become habitual? And for those of us who are therapists, coaches, or other types of health professional: how can we help our clients to keep up new behaviour between sessions? Well, there are hundreds, if not thousands of tools out there to help us with this challenge, but we can pretty much bundle them all into what I like to call 'The Seven Rs': Reminders, Records, Rewards, Routines, Relationships, Reflecting, and Restructuring. Let's take a look at each.

A) Reminders

We can create all sorts of simple tools to help remind us of the new behaviour we wish to persist with. For example, we might create a pop-up or a screen saver on our computer or mobile phone with an important word or phrase or symbol that reminds us to act mindfully or to utilize a particular value. We might use the old favourite of writing a message on a card and sticking it on the fridge or propping it against the bathroom mirror or taping it to the car dashboard. Or we might write something in a diary or calendar or in the 'notes' app of a smartphone. We might write just one word, like 'Breathe' or 'Pause' or 'Patience', or we might use an acronym like 'A.C.T.' or 'S.T.O.P.', or a phrase like 'Letting go' or 'Caring and compassionate'. Alternatively we might put a brightly-coloured sticker on the strap of our wristwatch or the back of our smartphone or the keyboard of our computer, so that every time we use these devices, the sticker reminds us to do the new behaviour.

B) Records

We can keep a record of our behavior throughout the day, noting down when and where we do the new behavior, and what the benefits are; and also when and where we do the old behavior, and what the costs are. Any diary or notebook – on paper, or on a computer screen - can serve this purpose.

C) Rewards

When we do some form of new behavior that involves mindfully acting on our values, hopefully that will be rewarding in its own right. However, we can help to reinforce the new behavior with additional rewards. One form of reward is kind, encouraging self-talk, e.g. saying to yourself: 'Well done. You did it!' Another form of reward is sharing your success and progress with a loved one who you know will respond positively. On the other hand, you might prefer more material rewards. For example, if you sustain this new behavior for a whole week, you buy or do something that you really like, e.g. get a massage or buy a CD.

D) Routines

If you get up every morning at the same time to meditate or exercise or do yoga, over time that regular routine will become habitual. In other words, you won't have to think so hard about doing it; it will start to come naturally; it will require less 'willpower'; it will become a part of your regular routine. So experiment: see if you can find some way to build a regular routine or ritual around your new behavior, so it starts to become part of your way of life. For example, if you drive home from work, then every night, just before you get out of your car, you might do two minutes of mindful breathing, and reflect on what values you want to live by when you walk through the front door into your home.

E) Relationships

It's easier to study if you have a 'study-buddy'; easier to exercise if you have an 'exercise-buddy'. In AA programs, they team you up with a sponsor who is there to help you stay sober when the going gets tough. So can you find a kind, caring, encouraging person who can help support you with your new behavior? Maybe you can check in with this person on a regular basis, and tell them how well you are doing, as mentioned in *Rewards*. Or maybe you can email your support person the *Records* you've been keeping. Or maybe you can use the other person as a *Reminder*; ask them to remind you to do the new behavior, if and when that would be useful. For example, you might say to your partner, 'When you see me worrying, can you please remind me to do some mindful breathing?'

F) Reflecting

Regularly take time to reflect on how you are behaving, and what effect it is having on your life. You can do this via writing it down – *Records* - or in discussion with another person – *Relationships*. Or you can do this as a mental exercise throughout the day, or just before you go to bed, or just as you're waking up in the morning. You simply take a few moments to reflect on questions such as: 'How am I going?', 'What am I doing that's working?', 'What can I do more of, or less of, or differently?'

Make sure you also reflect on the times that you STOP doing the new behaviour, and fall back into the old one. Notice what triggers those relapses and setbacks, and notice what it costs you – i.e. how do you suffer? - when that happens. This doesn't mean beat yourself up! This means non-judgmentally reflect on the genuine costs to your health and wellbeing of falling back into old habits - and use your awareness of the suffering this causes you to help motivate yourself to get back on track.

G) Restructuring

We can often restructure our environment to make our new behaviour easier, and therefore more likely to sustain. For example, if the new behavior is 'healthy eating' we can restructure the kitchen to make that easier: get rid of or hide away the junk food, and stock the fridge and pantry with the healthy stuff. If we want to go to the gym in the morning, we could pack up our sports-gear in our gym-bag, and place it by the side of the bed or somewhere else obvious and convenient, so it's all ready to go as soon as we get up. (And of course, when we see our gym kit lying there, it acts as a *Reminder*.)

So there you have it. 'The Seven Rs': Reminders, Records, Rewards, Routines, Relationships, Reflection, and Restructuring. Now be creative; mix and match these methods to your heart's content, to create your own set of tools for lasting change. Good luck with it!